

# Qt Essentials - Graphics View 2 Module

## Training Course

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Produced by Digia Plc.

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- Widgets in a Scene
- Drag and Drop
- Effects
- Performance Tuning

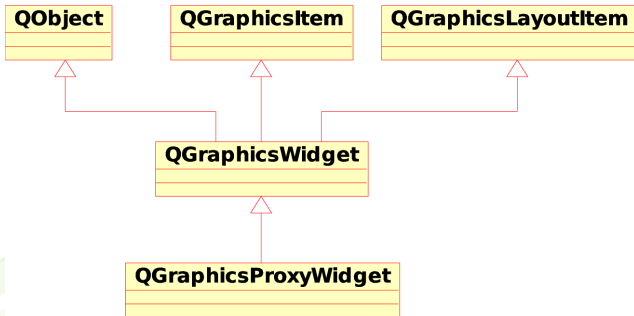
- **Widgets in a Scene**
- Drag and Drop
- Effects
- Performance Tuning



Demo `$QTDIR/examples/graphicsview/padnavigator`

- QGraphicsItem:
  - Lightweight compared to QWidget
  - No signals/slots/properties
  - Scenes can easily contain thousands of Items
  - Uses different QEvent sub-hierarchy (derived from QGraphicsSceneEvent)
  - Supports transformations directly
- QWidget:
  - Derived from QObject (less light-weight)
  - supports signals, slots, properties, etc
  - can be embedded in a QGraphicsScene with a QGraphicsProxyWidget

- Advanced functionality graphics item
- Provides signals/slots, layouts, geometry, palette, etc.
- Not a QWidget!
- Base class for QGraphicsProxyWidget



- QGraphicsItem that can embed a QWidget in a QGraphicsScene
- Handles complex widgets like QFileDialog
- Takes *ownership* of related widget
  - Synchronizes states/properties:
    - visible, enabled, geometry, style, palette, font, cursor, sizeHint, windowTitle, etc
    - Proxies events between Widget and GraphicsView
    - If either (widget or proxy) is deleted, the other is also!
- Widget must not already have a parent
  - Only top-level widgets can be added to a scene

```
#include <QtWidgets>
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    QApplication app(argc, argv);

    QCalendarWidget *calendar = new QCalendarWidget;

    QGraphicsScene scene;
    QGraphicsProxyWidget *proxy = scene.addWidget(calendar);

    QGraphicsView view(&scene);
    view.show();

    return app.exec();
}
```



- For layout of `QGraphicsLayoutItem` (+derived) classes in `QGraphicsView`
- Concrete classes:
  - `QGraphicsLinearLayout`: equivalent to `QBoxLayout`, arranges items horizontally or vertically
  - `QGraphicsGridLayout`: equivalent to `QGridLayout`, arranges items in a grid
- `QGraphicsWidget::setLayout()` - set layout for child items of this `QGraphicsWidget`

- Starting with the graphicsview/lab-mapviewer handout, add zooming controls.
- Suggested widgets:
  - `QPushButton` for +/-
  - `QSlider` for selecting zoom level directly.
- Use `QGraphicsLayout` to lay out the widgets
- Make the mouse work like a "hand-grab" tool on drag, so we can see different zoomed areas.



- Widgets in a Scene
- **Drag and Drop**
- Effects
- Performance Tuning

- Items can be:
  - Dragged
  - Dropped onto other items
  - Dropped onto scenes
    - for handling empty drop areas

Starting an item drag is similar to dragging from a QWidget.

- Override event handlers:
  - `mousePressEvent()`
  - `mouseMoveEvent()`
- In `mouseMoveEvent()`, decide if drag started? if so:
  - Create a `QDrag` instance
  - Attach a `QMimeData` to it
    - See section on Drag and Drop for `QMimeData` info
  - Call `QDrag::exec()`
    - Function returns when user drops
    - Does not block event loop

- Override `QGraphicsScene::dropEvent()`
  - To accept drop:
    - `acceptProposedAction()`
    - `setDropAction(Qt::DropAction); accept();`
- Override `QGraphicsScene::dragMoveEvent()`
- Optional overrides:
  - `dragEnterEvent()`, `dragLeaveEvent()`

```
void startDrag( Qt::DropActions supportedActions ) {
    if ( selectedItems().size()>0 ) {
        QListWidgetItem *item = selectedItems()[0];
        QDrag* drag = new QDrag( this );
        QMimeData *mimeData = new QMimeData; [...]
        QGraphicsItem* gitem =
            DiagramItem::createItem( item->toolType() );
        mimeData->setData( "application/x-qgraphicsitem-ptr",
            QByteArray::number( ( qulonglong )gitem ) );
        drag->setMimeData( mimeData );
        QPixmap pix = item->icon().pixmap( 111,111 );
        drag->setPixmap( pix );
        drag->setHotSpot( pix.rect().center() );
        if ( drag->exec(supportedActions) == Qt::IgnoreAction ) {
            delete gitem; // drag cancelled, must delete item
        }
    }
}
```

Demo graphicsview/ex-dragdrop



```
void DiagramScene::dropEvent( QGraphicsSceneDragDropEvent* event ) {
    if ( event->mimeData()->hasFormat("application/x-qgraphicsitem-ptr") ) {
        QGraphicsItem* item = reinterpret_cast<QGraphicsItem*>(
            event->mimeData()->data (
                "application/x-qgraphicsitem-ptr").toULongLong() );
        if ( item ) {
            addItem( item );
            item->setFlag( QGraphicsItem::ItemIsMovable );
            item->setFlag( QGraphicsItem::ItemIsSelectable );
            item->setFlag( QGraphicsItem::ItemIsFocusable );
            item->setPos( event->scenePos() );
            event->acceptProposedAction();
        }
    } else
        /* Call baseclass to allow per-item dropEvent */

        QGraphicsScene::dropEvent( event );
}
```



- To drop into an item:
  - Override `dragEnterEvent()`
  - Optional override: `dragMoveEvent()` (if the item can only accept drops in some parts of its area)

```
void DiagramItem::dragEnterEvent(QGraphicsSceneDragDropEvent* e){
    if ( e->mimeType()->hasColor() )
        e->acceptProposedAction();
}

void DiagramScene::dragEnterEvent(QGraphicsSceneDragDropEvent* e){
    if ( e->mimeType()->hasFormat(
        "application/x-qgraphicsitem-ptr" ))
        e->acceptProposedAction();
    else
        QGraphicsScene::dragEnterEvent(e);
}
```

Demo graphicsview/ex-dragdrop



- Widgets in a Scene
- Drag and Drop
- **Effects**
- Performance Tuning

Effects can be applied to graphics items:

- Base class for effects is `QGraphicsEffect`.
- Standard effects include blur, colorize, opacity and drop shadow.
- Effects are set on items.
  - `QGraphicsItem::setGraphicsEffect()`
- Effects cannot be shared or layered.
- Custom effects can be written.





- Applying a blur effect to a pixmap.

```
QPixmap pixmap(":/images/qt-banner.png");
```

```
QGraphicsItem *blurItem = scene->addPixmap(pixmap);
```

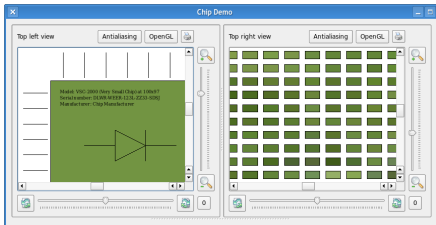
```
QGraphicsBlurEffect *blurEffect = new QGraphicsBlurEffect();  
blurItem->setGraphicsEffect(blurEffect);  
blurEffect->setBlurRadius(5);
```

- An effect is owned by the item that uses it.
- Updating an effect causes the item to be updated.

- Widgets in a Scene
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- **Performance Tuning**

- Don't draw what you can't see!
- `QStyleOptionGraphicsItem` passed to `paint()`
  - Contains `palette`, `state`, `matrix` members
  - `qreal levelOfDetailFromTransform(QTransform T)`  method
- "levelOfDetail" is max width/height of the unity rectangle needed to draw this shape onto a `QPainter` with a `QTransform` of `T`.
- use `worldTransform()` of painter for current transform.
  - Zoomed out: `levelOfDetail < 1.0`
  - Zoomed in: `levelOfDetail > 1.0`

## Level of detail: Chip demo



Demo \$QTDIR/demos/chip

```
void Chip::paint(QPainter *painter,  
    const QStyleOptionGraphicsItem *option, QWidget *)  
{  
    const qreal lod = option->levelOfDetailFromTransform(  
        painter->worldTransform());  
    [ ... ]  
    if (lod >= 2) {  
        QFont font("Times", 10);  
        font.setStyleStrategy(QFont::ForceOutline);  
        painter->save();  
        painter->setFont(font);  
        painter->scale(0.1, 0.1);  
        painter->drawText(170, 180, QString("Model: VSC-2000 ...")  
        painter->drawText(170, 220, QString("Manufacturer: ...")  
        painter->restore();  
    }  
}
```

Demo \$QTDIR/demos/chip





- Cache item painting into a pixmap
  - So `paint()` runs faster
- Cache `boundingRect()` and `shape()`
  - Avoid recomputing expensive operations that stay the same
  - Be sure to invalidate manually cached items after zooming and other transforms

```
QRectF MyItem::boundingRect() const {  
    if (m_rect.isNull()) calculateBoundingRect();  
    return m_rect;  
}
```

```
QPainterPath MyItem::shape() const {  
    if (m_shape.isEmpty()) calculateShape();  
    return m_shape;  
}
```

- Property of QGraphicsView and QGraphicsItem
- Allows caching of pre-rendered content in a QPixmap
  - Drawn on the viewport
  - Especially useful for gradient shape backgrounds
  - Invalidated whenever view is transformed.

```
QGraphicsView view;  
view.setBackgroundBrush(QImage(":/images/backgroundtile.png"));  
view.setCacheMode(QGraphicsView::CacheBackground);
```

The following methods allow you to tweak performance of view/scene/items:

- `QGraphicsView::setViewportUpdateMode()`
- `QGraphicsView::setOptimizationFlags()`
- `QGraphicsScene::setItemIndexMethod()`
- `QGraphicsScene::setBspTreeDepth()`
- `QGraphicsItem::setFlags()`
  - `ItemDoesntPropagateOpacityToChildren` and `ItemIgnoresParentOpacity` especially recommended if your items are opaque!

See API documentation for details.

- `boundingRect()` and `shape()` are called frequently so they should run fast!
  - `boundingRect()` should be as small as possible
  - `shape()` should return simplest reasonable path
- Try to avoid drawing gradients on the painter. Consider using pre-rendered backgrounds from images instead.
- It is costly to dynamically insert/remove items from the scene. Consider hiding and reusing items instead.
- Embedded widgets in a scene is costly.
- Try using a different paint engine (OpenGL, Direct3D, etc)
  - `setViewport (new QGLWidget);`
- Avoid curved and dashed lines
- Alpha blending and antialiasing are expensive

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